BEGIN—APRIL 6, 1960

30.24-10421

A30
AMS BUDGET (380)
MIGHT LEAD DE GAULLE
BY EDDY GILMORE
LONDON, APRIL 6 (AP)-THOSE UNFRIENDLY ALLIES OF WORLD WAR II -- SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL AND GEN. CHARLES DE GAULLE -- TALKED AND LAUGHED TOGETHER TONIGHT IN THE MELLOWING TWILIGHT OF ADVANCING YEARS.
THEY MET AT DUSK FOR A HALF HOUR IN THE LIBRARY OF CHURCHILL'S LONDON HOME BEFORE A WARMING WOOD FIRE WHILE A CHILLY SPRING RAIN DRENCHED THE CITY.
AND AFTER THAT CHURCHILL, 85, WAS A GUEST OF THE 69-YEAR-OLD FRENCH PRESIDENT AT A DINNER FOR QUEEN ELIZABETH II AND PRINCE PHILIP AT THE FRENCH EMBASSY.
FOR DE GAULLE AND HIS WIFE IT WAS ANOTHER TRIUMPHANT DAY, FULL OF ACCLAIM, SENTIMENT, EMOTION AND THE COLORFUL PAGEANTRY THAT MAKES STATE VISITS COME ALIVE IN BRITAIN.
DE GAULLE WENT BACK TO THE LITTLE LONDON SQUARE OUTSIDE HIS OLD WARTIME HEADQUARTERS AND MET WITH SOME OF THE MEN WHO FORMED HIS FREE FRENCH FORCES BACK IN THE SEEMINGLY HOPELESS EARLY 1940S.
"AND NOW YOU CAN SEE HOW WE WERE WISE AND WHAT WE DID HAD TO BE DONE," DE GAULLE TOLD ABOUT 500 GRAY-HAIRED, BEMEDALED VETERANS WHO HELPED HIM RAISE A FALLEN FRANCE BACK TO GLORY. THEY SHOUTED "BRAVO DE GAULLE" AND "VIVE LE PATRON."
BUT THE HIGH SPOT OF A LONG DAY MUST HAVE BEEN DE GAULLE'S PRIVATE VISIT TO CHURCHILL'S HOME. A 2 1/2-STORY BRICK HOUSE ON A QUIET, DEAD-END STREET.
CHURCHILL TODDLED OUT ON UNSTEADY LEGS TO MEET HIM AND MRS. DE GAULLE AT THE DOORWAY. LADY CHURCHILL WAS JUST BEHIND HIM.
THE TWO OLD COMRADES, WHO HAD SO MANY WARTIME SPATS, SHOOK HANDS. DE GAULLE FLASHED A BIG SMILE. CHURCHILL FAIRLY BEAMED.
THE LITTLE PARTY MOVED 10 YARDS DOWN A CARPETED HALL AND TURNED RIGHT INTO CHURCHILL'S LIBRARY.
IN ADDITION TO SOME RARE FIRST EDITIONS, THE LIBRARY CONTAINED TWO VERY SPECIAL SETS OF MEMOIRS--CHURCHILL'S AND DE GAULLE'S.
AND IN THESE WRITINGS ABOUT THE WAR, THE TWO WARRIORS SAID SOME FAIRLY RUDE THINGS ABOUT ONE ANOTHER.
CHURCHILL WROTE THAT HE FOUND THE GENERAL TOUGH TO GET ALONG WITH AND "HAUGHTY, COLD AND ARROGANT."
BUT WITH TYPICAL CHURCHILLNESS HE ALSO WROTE:
"I HAVE HAD MANY DIFFICULTIES WITH GEN.DE GAULLE, BUT I HAVE NEVER FORGOTTEN, AND CAN NEVER FORGET, THAT HE STOOD FORTH AS THE FIRST EMINENT FRENCHMAN TO FACE THE COMMON FOE IN WHAT SEEMED TO BE THE HOUR OF RUIN FOR HIS COUNTRY, AND POSSIBLY OURS."
AND WHAT DID DE GAULLE'S BOOK SAY?
"MR.CHURCHILL," HE WROTE, "SEEMED TO ME TO BE EQUAL TO THE RUDEST TASK, PROVIDED IT ALSO HAD GRANDEUR.
"THE HARSH AND PAINFUL INCIDENTS THAT OFTEN ROSE BETWEEN US . . . HAVE INFLUENCED MY ATTITUDE, BUT NOT MY JUDGMENT."
AFTER 32 MINUTES OF WHAT A MEMBER OF CHURCHILL'S HOUSEHOLD DESCRIBED AS THE "WARMEST, MOST FRIENDLY OF TALKS," THE DE GAULLES AND CHURCHILLS PARTED UNTIL DINNER.
THE DINNER WAS AT THE HOME OF FRENCH AMBASSADOR JEAN CHAUVEL--AND IT WAS BY SOFT CANDLELIGHT. MASSED RED AND PINK ROSES PERFUMED THE ROOM.
THERE WERE MORE THAN 70 GUESTS. BESIDES THE QUEEN AND HER HUSBAND, THE QUEEN MOTHER, PRINCESS MARGARET AND ANTONY ARMSTRONG-JONES--THE MAN SHE MARRIES A MONTH FROM TODAY -- WERE THERE.
SO WAS PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN, WITH WHOM DE GAULLE WOUND UP PRESUMMIT TALKS ON VARIOUS WORLD ISSUES THIS MORNING.
THE QUEEN WAS UNUSUALLY RADIANT.
SHE WORE A BALL DRESS OF PALE TURQUOISE TULLE WITH A TIERED SKIRT EMBROIDERED IN SILVER ROSES.
ON HER SOFT BROWN HAIR WAS A DIAMOND TIARA.
AROUND HER NECK WAS A THREE-ROW DIAMOND NECKLACE AND SHE HAD ON DIAMOND DROP EARRINGS.
THERE WERE NO SPEECHES.
EARLIER, DE GAULLE WAS THE GUEST AT A TUMULTUOUS RECEPTION GIVEN BY LONDON'S FRENCH COLONY AT LANCASTER HOUSE.
STANDING ON A DAIS, DE GAULLE SAID:
"NEVER HAVE I FELT THE GREATNESS AND MAJESTY AND THE KINDNESS OF BRITAIN SO MUCH AS IN THIS VISIT," HE SAID.
"BRITAIN AND FRANCE MUST WORK TOGETHER. WE ARE GOING THROUGH A VERY DIFFICULT PERIOD IN A VERY HARD WORLD."
JF527PES

A123 (320)
FIRST LEAD DE GAULLE
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON
LONDON, APRIL 6 (AP)-PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE WOUND UP HIS PRE-SUMMIT TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN TODAY. THEN HE RODE THROUGH STREETS LINED WITH CHEERING CROWDS TO A BANQUET GIVEN BY THE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON.
THE FRENCH PRESIDENT AND MRS.DE GAULLE WERE DRIVEN IN AN OPEN STATE CARRIAGE FROM BUCKINGHAM PALACE TO THE ANCIENT GUILDHALL, SEAT OF THE SEMI-INDEPENDENT OLD CITY (CAP C) OF LONDON.
ROYAL HOUSEHOLD CAVALRYMEN ESCORTED THEM ON THE 25-MINUTE TRIP.
THIS WAS THE DE GAULLES' 39TH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.
MRS.DE GAULLE, DRESSED IN MIST BLUE, WAS GAY AND SMILING.
THE LORD MAYOR, SIR EDMUND STOCKDALE, WELCOMED THEM IN THE GUILD-HALL YARD. HE WORE A MEDIEVAL COSTUME, INCLUDING AN ERMINE-TRIMMED ROBE.
DE GAULLE NOTED THAT THE GUILDHALL, HEADQUARTERS OF THE CITY OF LONDON CORP., HAD SUFFERED HEAVILY FROM BOMBING IN WORLD WAR II.
"I CAN ADMIRE TODAY THE SPLENDOR WITH WHICH THIS HALL HAS BEEN REBUILT," HE SAID. "IF THE STONES (OF THE BUILDING) SUFFERED THE ATTACKS OF WAR, IF MANY FELL, THE PASSION OF LIBERTY HAS REMAINED INTACT IN LONDON."
THE CITY'S GOLD PLATE DINNER SERVICE SPARKLED ON THE TABLES. OUT-SIZED MENU CARDS WERE PRINTED IN THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE OF THE FRENCH TRICOLOR.
THE MENU:
CLEAR TURTLE SOUP WITH SHERRY AND A CHOICE OF PUNCH OR MADEIRA.
WYE (A SCOTTISH RIVER) SALMON WITH CUCUMBER SAUCE, ACCOMPANIED BY AN ALSATIAN WINE.
ROAST BEEF, YORKSHIRE PUDDING, NEW JERSEY POTATOES AND FRENCH BEANS, WITH A CHOICE OF A 1952 KRUG CHAMPAGNE OR A 1953 CHATEAU LEOVILLE PYFERRE CLARET.
FRUIT SALAD WITH DEVONSHIRE CREAM AND CHEESE STRAWS.

1927 GRAHAM PORT, BRANDY OR LIQUEURS.
THE LORD MAYOR REFERRED IN A TOAST TO DE GAULLE'S WAR SERVICE IN LONDON AS COMMANDER OF THE FREE FRENCH, SAYING "WE LONDONERS SEE YOUR PRESENT VISIT AS A RENEWAL OF A FRIENDSHIP WHICH WAS FORGED BY FIRE."
DE GAULLE SAID IN A RETURN TOAST HE AND HIS WIFE WERE DEEPLY MOVED BY "THE WARM FEELING OF THE PEOPLE OF LONDON, YOUR MAGNIFICENT RECEPTION AND YOUR KIND WORDS."
THE FRENCH CHIEF OF STATE MET MACMILLAN EARLY TODAY AND TALKED OVER WITH HIM VARIOUS WORLD ISSUES EXPECTED TO ARISE AT THE BIG FOUR SUMMIT CONFERENCE OPENING IN PARIS MAY 16.

IT WAS THEIR SECOND AND LAST FORMAL BUSINESS SESSION SCHEDULED FOR DE GAULLE'S THREE-DAY STATE VISIT TO BRITAIN.
THE TWO LEADERS CONFERRED IN DE GAULLE'S BUCKINGHAM PALACE SUITE. THE PRESENCE OF THEIR FOREIGN MINISTERS--MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE AND BRITAIN'S SELWYN LLOYD--INDICATED SOME DETAILED DIPLOMATIC WORK WAS CONDUCTED.
FRENCH AND BRITISH OFFICIALS SAID DE GAULLE AND MACMILLAN ARRANGED TO EXCHANGE NOTES ON THEIR RECENT HIGH LEVEL PRE-SUMMIT MEETINGS.
ONLY LAST WEEKEND, DE GAULLE MET WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IN PARIS AND CONDUCTED A POINT-BY-POINT SURVEY OF THE CAUSES OF EAST-WEST TENSION. THEY CONSIDERED IN PARTICULAR THE FUTURE ROLE OF GERMANY IN EUROPE, THE BERLIN POWDERKEG, THE MIDDLE EAST AND AFRICAN SITUATIONS, INCLUDING ALGERIA, AND EAST-WEST RELATIONS IN THE FAR EAST.
MACMILLAN RETURNED LAST WEEK FROM A SWIFT ROUND OF TALKS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND OTHER U.S. OFFICIALS. THE PRIME MINISTER ARGUED HIS CASE FOR A VERY FLEXIBLE WESTERN NEGOTIATING APPROACH AT THE SUMMIT, ESPECIALLY TOWARD THE SOVIET THREAT TO WEST BERLIN.
HE ALSO ATTEMPTED TO ENLIST AMERICAN SYMPATHY AND SUPPORT FOR BRITAIN'S CAMPAIGN OF RESISTANCE AGAINST THE FRENCH-LED EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET, WITH ITS PLANS FOR CUTTING TARIFFS BETWEEN THE GROUP'S SIX MEMBERS AND UNIFYING THEM AGAINST IMPORTS FROM OUTSIDE.
DE GAULLE AND MACMILLAN WERE REPORTED TO HAVE CONSIDERED THE ECONOMIC ISSUE AT THEIR FIRST PRIVATE MEETING LAST NIGHT. EACH WAS REPORTED BEFORE THE SESSION TO BE ANXIOUS FOR A FRANK EXAMINATION OF THE PROBLEM THAT HAS CAUSED SO MUCH BRITISH-FRENCH MISUNDERSTANDING.
SOURCES SAID ONE OF THE MATTERS DISCUSSED AT TODAY'S MEETING WAS THE PROGRESS BEING MADE IN GENEVA TOWARD AN AGREEMENT AMONG BRITAIN, RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES FOR A BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS.
THE NEGOTIATIONS BEGAN BEFORE THE FRENCH SET OFF THEIR FIRST NUCLEAR DEVICE IN THE SAHARA. THE BRITISH HAVE BEEN EXPECTING DE GAULLE TO DEMAND HIS COUNTRY'S ADMISSION TO THE TALKS AS A QUALIFIED ATOMIC POWER.

1960

THE FIRST DAY OF DE GAULLE'S WARMLY RECEIVED VISIT TO BRITAIN WAS CLIMAXED LAST NIGHT WITH A STATE BANQUET AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE AND A MAMMOTH FIREWORKS DISPLAY.
QUEEN ELIZABETH II SPOKE AT THE BANQUET OF DE GAULLE'S HISTORIC CALL IN JUNE 1940 FOR FRENCHMEN TO FIGHT ON AGAINST THE NAZIS OCCUPYING THEIR COUNTRY.
"THAT CALL," THE QUEEN SAID, "MATCHED THE SPEECHES OF OUR OWN GREAT LEADER, SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL. FOR GENERATIONS TO COME, WHAT YOU BOTH SAID THEN WILL SERVE AS AN INSPIRATION TO FREE PEOPLE'S IN AN HOUR OF NEED."
DE GAULLE, HIS VOICE SHAKING WITH EMOTION, PRAISED "THE GREAT AND NOBLE BRITISH PEOPLE, OUR ALLY, OUR FRIEND."
"UNDER THE FOREVER GLORIOUS LEADERSHIP OF SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL BRITAIN TOOK UPON ITSELF THE WHOLE BURDEN OF THE WAR AT A TIME WHEN ITS OWN DESTINY, THAT OF FRANCE AND THAT OF EUROPE HUNG UPON IT ALONE," HE SAID.
CHURCHILL WAS AMONG THE 80 BANQUET GUESTS BUT DID NOT SPEAK.

A CROWD OF MORE THAN 100,000 CHEERED DE GAULLE AND THE QUEEN WHEN THEY APPEARED ON THE PALACE BALCONY TO WATCH THE FIREWORKS DISPLAY. THE DISPLAY INCLUDED A FIERY CROSS OF LORRAINE, THE SYMBOL OF DE GAULLE'S WARTIME FREE FRENCH.
A SMALL GROUP OF DEMONSTRATORS DEMANDING "BAN THE BOMB" GREETED THE PRESIDENT'S WIFE TODAY AS SHE DROVE INTO THE GROUNDS OF A CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL AT CARSHALTON, SOUTH OF LONDON. ONE OF THEIR BANNERS READ: "HOW MANY CHILDREN ARE AN H-BOMB WORTH?"
POLICE KEPT THE DEMONSTRATORS OUT OF THE PATH OF MRS. DE GAULLE'S AUTOMOBILE, AND SHE SEEMED TO SCARCELY NOTICE THEM.
MK637AES

A58
DE GAULLE SIDEBAR
BY DENNIS NEELD
1960
LONDON, APRIL 6 (AP)-IN 12 HECTIC HOURS, PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE SHATTERED BRITAIN'S IMAGE OF THE FRENCH LEADER AS A MAN ICILY ALOOF AND RIGIDLY AUSTERE.
THE MAN BRITONS LAST SAW 16 YEARS AGO AS THE DEDICATED, UNBENDING HERO OF THE FREE FRENCH IS GOING OUT OF HIS WAY TO CHARM HIS HOSTS.
STEPPING FROM HIS PLANE TO BEGIN A THREE-DAY STATE VISIT, HE WAVED AND SALUTED EVERYONE, EVEN NEWSMEN.
TO REPORTERS HE CALLED: "BONJOUR, BONJOUR. GOOD MORNING, GOOD LUCK TO YOU."
THE NEWSMEN RAISED A CHEER.
AS HE DROVE WITH QUEEN ELIZABETH IN AN OPEN CARRIAGE TO BUCKINGHAM PALACE, DE GAULLE WAVED CONTINUALLY TO THE LUNCHTIME CROWDS. AND THE CROWDS RESPONDED WARMLY WITH CRIES OF "VIVE DE GAULLE."
TWICE DURING SUBSEQUENT APPEARANCES DE GAULLE BROKE THROUGH POLICE CORDONS TO SHAKE HANDS WITH THE CROWD.
"WELL, I NEVER EXPECTED THAT," GASPED ONE SURPRISED BRITON.
LAST NIGHT, AT THE MAGNIFICENT, GLITTERING BANQUET AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE, DE GAULLE PAID RINGING TRIBUTES TO THE COUNTRY THAT SHELTERED HIM WHEN HITLER MENACED THE WORLD.
AND ON THE FLOODLIT PALACE BALCONY AFTERWARDS DE GAULLE WAVED AND OPENED HIS ARMS TO THE CHEERING, ROARING CROWD OF 100,000. OBVIOUSLY HE WAS DEEPLY MOVED BY AN EMOTIONAL RECEPTION BRITAIN RARELY GIVES A FOREIGN LEADER.
MK608AES

A7 (380)
AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD GERMAN-SOVIET
1960
BY HERB ALTSCHULL
BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 6 (AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S GOVERNMENT PROTESTED AGAINST THE SOVIET HATE-GERMANY CAMPAIGN TODAY IN A NOTE SO SHARPLY WORDED IT FALLS JUST SHORT OF A BREAKOFF IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.
THE NOTE WAS DELIVERED TO THE SOVIET FOREIGN OFFICE IN MOSCOW BY AMBASSADOR HANS KROLL. THE TEXT WAS MADE PUBLIC IN BONN.
THE WEST GERMANS SINGLED OUT FOR SPECIAL ATTACK WHAT WAS CALLED THE CAMPAIGN OF SLANDER PUT ON BY PREMIER NIKITA S.KHRUSHCHEV IN HIS RECENT VISIT TO FRANCE, THEIR STRONGEST CONTINENTAL ALLY.
THE NOTE SAID BONN HAD TAKEN UP DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH MOSCOW IN AN EFFORT TO EASE INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS. THAT WAS IN 1955.
AS A RESULT OF KHRUSHCHEV'S UTTERANCES IN FRANCE, THE NOTE SAID, BONN "CANNOT BUT GAIN THE IMPRESSION THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS NOT ACTED IN THE SAME SPIRIT."
"THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT (OF WEST GERMANY)," THE NOTE SAID ICILY, "CANNOT BELIEVE IN THE SINCERITY OF THE PROFESSED SOVIET EFFORTS TO RELAX TENSIONS SO LONG AS THE SOVIET UNION SEEKS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD TO AWAKEN HATRED AND HOSTILITY AGAINST THE GERMAN PEOPLE."
THIS KIND OF LANGUAGE IS RARELY USED IN COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN

30.24-10423

GOVERNMENTS MAINTAINING NORMAL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.
THERE WAS, HOWEVER, NO THREAT TO BREAK RELATIONS AND IT DID NOT SEEM LIKELY BONN MEANT TO GO THAT FAR. IT APPEARED ADENAUER WANTED TO GET HIMSELF VIGOROUSLY ON RECORD AGAINST THE SOVIET CAMPAIGN BEFORE THE START OF THE BIG FOUR SUMMIT CONFERENCE MAY 16.
THE NOTE SAID THAT KHRUSHCHEV, WHO REPEATEDLY ASSAILED WHAT HE CALLED RISING MILITARISM IN WEST GERMANY, SOUGHT TO GIVE THE FRENCH PUBLIC "A COMPLETELY DISTORTED PICTURE OF THE POLITICAL ATTITUDES OF THE GERMAN PUBLIC AND THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT."
KHRUSHCHEV'S THEME WAS THAT "THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, AND IN PARTICULAR THE CHANCELLOR, HARBORED FASCIST, MILITARISTIC AND REVENGE-SEEKING IDEAS," IT SAID, AND HIS AIM APPEARED TO BE TO SHATTER THE NEW FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND FRANCE.
"BUT HIS CAMPAIGN OF SLANDER DID NOT ACHIEVE ITS AIMS," THE NOTE ADDED, "THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT KNOWS THAT IT CAN COUNT ON THE FAITHFULNESS AND FRIENDSHIP OF ITS ALLIES."
WEST GERMANY'S REARMAMENT CAMPAIGN, CARRIED OUT AS A MEMBER OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION, WAS DESCRIBED AS OF A PURELY DEFENSIVE CHARACTER.
BONN PURSUES ITS AIMS THROUGH PEACEFUL POLICIES, THE NOTE ADDED, "AND FASCISTIC, REVENGE-SEEKING AND MILITARISTIC ELEMENTS HAVE NEITHER FOLLOWING NOR INFLUENCE IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC."
THE NOTE SAID WEST GERMANY "FINDS IT EXTREMELY STRANGE THAT THESE ATTACKS WERE MADE BY A GOVERNMENT WHICH IS ALWAYS BOASTING ABOUT ITS OWN STRENGTH AND WHICH DOES NOT HESITATE TO DECLARE PUBLICLY IT IS IN A POSITION, IN THE EVENT OF WAR, TO ANNIHILATE OTHER COUNTRIES IN A FEW SECONDS."

P234PES

A76 (340)
NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR
BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH
GENEVA, APRIL 6 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TOLD THE SOVIET UNION TODAY THAT FURTHER PROGRESS TOWARD A NUCLEAR TEST BAN NOW DEPENDS ON MOSCOW'S ACCEPTANCE OF ENFORCEMENT DETAILS.
THE TWO WESTERN POWERS ALSO SAID SOME UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTING WOULD HAVE TO BE RESUMED--THOUGH THE RUSSIANS SUGGESTED CONVENTIONAL EXPLOSIVES WOULD DO EQUALLY WELL--TO PERFECT DETECTION TECHNIQUES.
THEY REJECTED A SOVIET DEMAND THAT A MORATORIUM ON UNDETECTABLE SMALL TESTS SHOULD BE WRITTEN INTO A TEST BAN TREATY, BUT ASSURED SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN A MORATORIUM AGREEMENT WOULD BE JUST AS BINDING.
HOWEVER, U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH AND BRITAIN'S SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT REFUSED TO DISCUSS A TIME LIMIT ON THE PROPOSED MORATORIUM.
THEY TOLD TSARAPKIN AT THE 194TH SESSION OF THE THREE-NATION CONFERENCE THAT THIS WOULD DEPEND MAINLY ON WHAT KIND OF RESEARCH PROGRAM THE RUSSIANS WILL ACCEPT TO IMPROVE THE DETECTION OF UNDERGROUND BLASTS AND TO PROVIDE FOR INSPECTIONS.
THE TWO WESTERN DELEGATES EXPLAINED DETAILS OF THE CAMP DAVID PROPOSALS. TSARAPKIN SAID LAST WEEK SEVERAL POINTS WERE NOT CLEAR TO HIM.
PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AGREED AT CAMP DAVID, MD., TO OFFER MOSCOW A PERMANENT TEST BAN TREATY OUTLAWING ALL NUCLEAR TESTS WHICH CAN BE DETECTED AT LONG RANGE.
AT THE SAME TIME, THE THREE POWERS WOULD ENTER INTO A SEPARATE AND TEMPORARY AGREEMENT TO REFRAIN FROM THE SMALL TESTS UNDERGROUND WHICH CANNOT AT PRESENT BE DETECTED. THE MORATORIUM WOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A COORDINATED THREE-NATION RESEARCH PROGRAM TO IMPROVE DETECTION TECHNIQUES AND THEREBY EXTEND THE RANGE OF THE PERMANENT TEST BAN.
A DEADLOCK PERSISTED IN THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE ALSO MEETING IN GENEVA. THE WESTERN POWERS MADE A FRESH BID TO BREAK THE DEADLOCK, BUT THE SOVIET BLOC WAS UNRESPONSIVE.
JULES MOCH, FRANCE'S VETERAN DISARMAMENT EXPERT, ASKED SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN TO SEEK NEW INSTRUCTIONS FROM MOSCOW "TO OPEN THE ROAD TO PRACTICAL DISCUSSIONS."
MOCH REITERATED THAT THE WESTERN POWERS COULD NOT ACCEPT THE SOVIET TOTAL DISARMAMENT PLAN AS A BASIS FOR NEGOTIATIONS BECAUSE IT WAS UNREALISTIC. ZORIN AND HIS COMMUNIST ASSOCIATES HAVE REJECTED THE RIVAL KWESTERN DISARMAMENT PLAN ON SIMILAR GROUNDS.
ZORIN REPEATED HIS DEMANDS FOR WESTERN ACCEPTANCE OF THE SOVIET PLAN.

JA757PES

A65WX
(370) NIGHT LEAD TEST BAN TREATY
BY ERNEST B. VACCARO
WASHINGTON, APRIL 6 (AP)-SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) MOVED TODAY TO STRENGTHEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S HAND BY RAISING THE POSSIBILITY OF SENATE ACTION ON A NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN TREATY BEFORE CONGRESS ADJOURNS.
FULBRIGHT, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID THAT IF ALL GOES WELL AT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE OPENING MAY 16 AND THE RUSSIANS SHOW WILLINGNESS TO AGREE ON A TREATY "IT COULD BE ACTED UPON BY THE SENATE BY EARLY JULY."
FULBRIGHT TOLD THE SENATE HIS OWN PAST DIFFERENCES WITH EISENHOWER ON SOME PHASES OF FOREIGN POLICY WOULD NOT PREVENT HIS WORKING CLOSELY WITH THE ADMINISTRATION TO SPEED RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY. THE SENATOR INDICATED HE WOULD FAVOR ACTION BEFORE THE SENATE QUITS TO "PRECLUDE THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH AN INPORTANT SUBJECT BECOMING AN ISSUE IN THE CAMPAIGN."
HE WAS MAKING HIS STATEMENT, FULBRIGHT SAID TO CLEAR UP WHAT HE DESCRIBED AS SUGGESTIONS THAT HIS OWN DIFFERENCES WITH THE ADMINISTRATION ON SOME ASPECTS OF FOREIGN POLICY "BODE ILL FOR FUTURE TREATIES ON CONTROVERSIAL SUBJECTS."
FULBRIGHT SAID THE FACT THAT THE ADMINISTRATION IS REPUBLICAN AND THE SENATE CONTROLLED BY A DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY SHOULD NOT MAKE "ONE IOTA OF DIFFERENCE."
EVERY MEMBER OF HIS COMMITTEE WANTS TO "AVOID PARTISANSHIP IN DEALING WITH ANY ISSUE OF FOREIGN POLICY," HE ADDED.
IN THE FIRST PLACE, FULBRIGHT SAID, THE SENATE HAS PARTICIPATED IN NUCLEAR TEST BAN NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA WITH MEMBERS OF THE JOINT SENATE-HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY SERVING AS OBSERVERS DURING THE EARLY STAGES.
"NOW THAT NEGOTIATIONS HAVE MOVED FROM THE ATOMIC ENERGY TECHNICAL PHASES TO THE INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ARENA," HE SAID, "I ANTICIPATE THAT IF PROGRESS IS MADE IN THE WEEKS AHEAD, MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS (AND PERHAPS MEMBERS OF OTHER COMMITTEES WITH DIRECT (INTERESTS) WILL BE INVITED BY THE PRESIDENT TO WORK WITH THE EXECUTIVE TO THE END THAT THEIR VIEWS WILL BE CONSIDERED BY THE PRESIDENT DURING THE NEGOTIATION OF THE TREATY AND TO ASSURE THAT ANY TREATY SIGNED WOULD REFLECT THOSE VIEWS.
"I AM SURE THERE WOULD BE NO RELUCTANCE IN THIS BODY, SHOULD THE PRESIDENT BELIEVE ANY MEMBER OF THE SENATE COULD SERVE IN A USEFUL ROLE IN THESE NEGOTIATIONS."
FULBRIGHT ALREADY HAS EXPRESSED HIS OWN WILLINGNESS TO JOIN SUCH A

DELEGATION.
HE SAID THERE HAVE BEEN COMMENTS THAT SHOULD A TREATY BE SIGNED AT THE SUMMIT, SENATE ACTION COULD NOT BE EXPECTED AT THIS SESSION AND HE WANTED TO MAKE IT CLEAR "THIS IS NOT NECESSARILY TRUE."
C2703PES

A64WX
(260) SECOND NIGHT LEAD MISSILES SUBMARINES
BY JERRY T. BAULCH
WASHINGTON, APRIL 6 (AP)-THE PENTAGON REVERSED ITSELF AND ASKED CONGRESS TODAY FOR 39 MILLION DOLLARS TO START BUILDING SIX MORE POLARIS SUBMARINES.
SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. TOLD THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE THE NAVY NOW ALSO IS WILLING TO PUT OFF GETTING FUNDS FOR TWO OF THREE NUCLEAR ATTACK SUBMARINES ALREADY INCLUDED IN THE NEW BUDGET.
SHOULD TESTS PLANNED FOR AUGUST MEET EXPECTATIONS, HE SAID, THE NAVY MAY ASK FOR MONEY TO COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION OF NINE NEW NUCLEAR-POWERED VESSELS-- THE THREE ALREADY IN THE BUDGET PLUS SIX MORE.

ALL TOLD, THEY WOULD COST ABOUT 900 MILLION DOLLARS.
TODAY'S ACTION WAS A VICTORY FOR ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, WHO HAD BEEN PLUGGING UNSUCCESSFULLY FOR AN IMMEDIATE START ON SIX MORE POLARIS SUBMARINES. GEN. NATHAN F. TWINING, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, HAD SPOKEN OUT AGAINST SUCH A SPEEDUP IN THE POLARIS PROGRAM.
GATES EXPLAINED THE NEW REQUEST BY SAYING RECENT TESTS OF THE POLARIS SUBMARINE "HAVE FULLY MET OUR EXPECTATIONS."
HE TOOK THE PROPOSAL TO CONGRESS AFTER GETTING APPROVAL FOR IT FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER EARLIER IN THE DAY. TWINING, GATES AND HIS DEPUTY SECRETARY, JAMES H. DOUGLAS, MET WITH EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE. BUT DETAILS WERE NOT MADE PUBLIC UNTIL LATER IN THE DAY.
DOUGLAS TOLD REPORTERS ONLY THAT THE PRESIDENT HAD STAMPED HIS APPROVAL ON PENTAGON PLANS TO ORDER SUBSTANTIALLY MORE NUCLEAR REACTORS FOR POLARIS SUBMARINES THAT WILL BE ASKED FOR LATER.
EISENHOWER, AS EXPECTED, ALSO FORMALLY APPROVED SHIFTING DEFENSE FUNDS TO SPEED PRODUCTION OF POLARIS SUBMARINES ALREADY ORDERED, INCREASE THE SIZE OF SIX ATLAS INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILE SQUADRONS AND IMPROVE THE BALLISTIC MISSILE WARNING SYSTEM.

SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS APPLAUDED THE MISSILE SPEEDUP DECISIONS. HE SAID THE ATLAS AND POLARIS PROGRAMS "ARE VITAL TO OUR COUNTRY."
"IT IS UNFORTUNATE THAT WE DID NOT THROW THE WORKS INTO HIGH GEAR SOME TIME AGO, SAID JOHNSON, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE.
SEN. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL (R-MASS), A MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID THE DECISIONS INDICATE THAT "THE ADMINISTRATION IS MOVING AHEAD WITH EFFICIENCY IN THE MOST IMPORTANT AREAS OF OUR NATIONAL DEFENSE, AS FAST AS PRUDENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PERMIT."
SALTONSTALL SAID HE WAS PARTICULARLY PLEASED THAT GATES PLANNED TO ASK FOR ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION OF THE EXTRA SIX SUBMARINES IF THE TESTS NEXT AUGUST ARE FULLY SATISFACTORY.

FROM TODAY'S DEVELOPMENTS THERE EMERGED ONE MAJOR NEW DETAIL OF THE AIR FORCE'S PLANS TO STRENGTHEN ITS ATLAS SQUADRONS. DOUGLAS SAID THE LAST SIX OF THE 13 PLANNED SQUADRONS--TO BE IN PLACE BY THE END OF 1962--EACH WOULD HAVE A TOTAL OF 13 MISSILES, THREE MORE THAN PRESENT PLANS. IT HAD THOUGHT EARLIER THAT THE SQUADRONS MIGHT GET AS MANY AS 15 MISSILES AND PADS.
THE AIR FORCE ANNOUNCED ON MARCH 25 THAT IT PLANNED TO SHIFT 500 MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE N O T VERY SUCCESSFUL BOMARC B ANTI-AIRCRAFT MISSILES TO THE ATLAS. TO THE BALLISTIC MISSILE EARLY WARNING SYSTEM AND SPEEDING UP WORK ON THE MIDAS SATELLITE, WHICH WILL SPY ENEMY MISSILES ALMOST AS SOON AS THEY ARE LAUNCHED.
ON MARCH 28, THE NAVY ANNOUNCED IT WAS SHIFTING 52 MILLION DOLLARS FROM OTHER PROGRAMS TO PUSH COMPLETION OF SEVEN PARTIALLY BUILT SUBMARINES, EACH CAPABLE OF FIRING 16 NUCLEAR-TIPPED POLARIS MISSILES. THE MISSILE, STILL BEING PERFECTED, IS EXPECTED TO HAVE A RANGE OF 1,200 MILES WHEN IT IS TURNED OVER TO THE FLEET AND EVENTUALLY OF ABOUT 2,500 MILES.
THE SHIFTED FUNDS WILL BE USED FOR ADVANCE ORDERING OF EQUIPMENT AND FOR EXTRA WORK SHIFTS.
GATES TOLD REPORTERS THERE NEVER WAS ANY QUESTION ABOUT EISENHOWER APPROVING THE PLANS. HE SAID HE HAD JUST RETURNED FROM AN OVERSEAS TRIP AND THIS WAS HIS FIRST OPPORTUNITY SINCE TO DISCUSS THE DEFENSE PICTURE WITH THE PRESIDENT.

NEITHER GATES NOR DOUGLAS PROVIDED MUCH DETAIL ON THE PLAN TO ASK CONGRESS FOR APPROVAL OF ORDERS FOR ADDITIONAL NUCLEAR REACTORS TO POWER POLARIS SUBMARINES.
IN ADDITION TO NINE SUBMARINES NOW AUTHORIZED, THE NEW BUDGET INCLUDES FUNDS TO START BUILDING THREE MORE AND ALSO MONEY TO ORDER SOME COMPLEX ITEMS FOR THREE OTHERS. GATES SAID THE NEW REQUEST WOULD PROVIDE MORE REACTORS THAN FOR THE THREE IN-THE-FUTURE SUBMARINES NOW PLANNED.
DOUGLAS SAID THE REVISED PLAN WILL "SUBSTANTIALLY" INCREASE THE NUMBER OF REACTORS THAT WILL BE ORDERED. HE SAID THIS WILL GIVE THE NAV GREATER FLEXIBILITY IN REACHING FUTURE DECISIONS AS TO HOW MANY SUBMARINES WILL BE BUILT AND THE SPEED WITH WHICH THEY CAN BE PLACED INTO THE FLEET.
NO NEW MONEY WILL BE ASKED, DOUGLAS SAID, BUT THE FUNDS REQUIRED WILL BE TAKEN FROM OTHER NAVY APPROPRIATIONS IN THE NEW BUDGET FOR THE YEAR STARTING NEXT JULY 1. HE DID NOT SAY WHAT NAVY PROGRAMS MIGHT BE CUT TO PROVIDE THE ADDITIONAL REACTORS.
BU&JC301PES

A57LA (STUMP)
LOS ANGELES, APRIL 6 (AP)-"WORLD WAR III HAS ALREADY STARTED, AND WE ARE DEEPLY INVOLVED IN IT," ADM. FELIX B. STUMP SAYS.
NOW RETIRED, HE WAS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PACIFIC FROM 1953 THROUGH 1958.
"THE MILITARY SITUATION FOR THE MOMENT HAS BEEN STABILIZED, BUT IN NO WAY HAS THE PSYCHOLOGICAL WAR," STUMP TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY. "THE COMMUNISTS HAVE A CRASH PROGRAM TO STIR UP INTERNAL STRIFE, DISUNION AND DISCORD."
LK304APS

S11

1960

LONDON, APRIL 6 (AP)-PARLIAMENT WAS TOLD TODAY WEST GERMANY WANTS TO LACE HER FORCES WITH THOSE OF HER ALLIES SO THAT "SHE COULD NEVER, EVEN IF SHE WISHED, TAKE INDEPENDENT (MILITARY) ACTION."

DEFENSE MINISTER HAROLD WATKINSON MADE THIS STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. HE WAS ANSWERING AN OPPOSITION LABORITE WHO ASSERTED THAT WEST GERMAN GENERALS WERE READY TO RISK A WORLD NUCLEAR WAR IN ORDER TO RE-

30.24-10425

UNITE ALL GERMANY.

LABORITE M. K. MACMILLAN HAD ASKED WATKINSON FOR A GOVERNMENT ASSURANCE THAT BRITAIN'S ROCKET TEST RANGES IN THE HEBRIDES WOULD BE CLOSED TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND TO WEST GERMAN TRAINING FORCES.

WATKINSON REPLIED THAT NO DECISION HAD YET BEEN TAKEN AS TO USE OF THIS BASE BY OTHER ALLIED POWERS.

JE245PES

B64 (Q)
(180)

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 6 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO TODAY DEFENDED WEST GERMANY'S EFFORTS TO OBTAIN MILITARY SUPPLY BASES IN SPAIN. HE AGAIN PLEDGED THAT BONN WOULD NOT GO BEHIND NATO'S BACK TO WORK OUT ANY DEALS WITH SPAIN.

VON BRENTANO SPOKE OUT DURING A SOMETIMES BITTER DEBATE IN THE BUNDESTAG (LOWER HOUSE) OVER THE SPANISH BASES QUESTION, AN ISSUE WHICH STIRRED AN INTERNATIONAL UPROAR EARLIER THIS YEAR.

THE OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS VIOLENTLY ATTACKED GENERALISSIMO FRANCO, THE FASCIST LEADER OF SPAIN, AND CALLED ON THE GOVERNMENT TO HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH HIM.

ON THE OTHER HAND THE RIGHT-WING GERMAN PARTY BLASTED THE WESTERN PRESS FOR ASSAILING THE GERMAN EFFORTS TO GET SPANISH BASES AND MADE SOME CUTTING REMARKS ABOUT THE AMERICANS WHO HAVE MANY BASES IN SPAIN.

VON BRENTANO MAINTAINED DIPLOMATIC CALM THROUGHOUT THE DEBATE. BUT HE DID CRITICIZE UNNAMED NATO AUTHORITIES WHO, HE SAID, LEAKED THE SPANISH BASES' STORY TO THE PRESS IN PARIS.

VON BRENTANO SAID THIS "DID NOTHING TO IMPROVE THE ATMOSPHERE OF COOPERATION IN NATO."

MANY GERMANS HAVE MAINTAINED THE AMERICANS DELIBERATELY LEAKED THE REPORT.

HELMUT SCHMIDT, SPEAKING FOR THE SOCIALISTS, CALLED THE STRAUSS MOVE FOR BASES A DIPLOMATIC BLUNDER.

MM948AES

1960

S16

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 6 (AP)-THE BUDESTAG (LOWER HOUSE) TODAY DEPLORED THE ENFORCED COLLECTIVIZATION OF FARMS IN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

"AN IMPORTANT BRANCH OF OUR PEOPLE IS DYING ON THE THREE," VICE PRESIDENT CARLO SCHMID DECLARED IN A MOVING SPEECH.

SCHMID SAID THE COMMUNIST RULERS OF EAST GERMANY HAVE NOW FORCED 90 PER CENT OF THE FARMERS INTO COLLECTIVE FARMS AND THE DAY IS FAST APPROACHING WHEN ALL THE FARMS WILL HAVE BECOME UNITS OF THE STATE.

A SOCIALIST, SCHMID SAID "THE REGIME IN THE SOVIET ZONE DENIES NOT ONLY PROPERTY TO ITS CITIZENS BUT ALSO SEEKS TO DENY THEM THEIR SPIRITUAL STRENGTH."

SCHMID WAS DESIGNATED BY ALL FOUR POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE BUNDESTAG TO MAKE THE SPEECH. IT WAS RECEIVED WITH VIGOROUS APPLAUSE.

JE302PES

B73 QUE
KX (230)
BY RALPH BRUNKOW

KAISERLAUTERN, GERMANY, APRIL 6 (AP)-A MEDICAL EXPERT SAID TODAY HE THINKS PFC. AUGUST E. SNOOK, ACCUSED OF KILLING A U.S. MILITARY POLICEMAN, WAS MENTALLY DERANGED AT THE TIME OF THE SHOOTING.

SNOOK, 23, OF (1505 ANN ARBOR ST.,) DALLAS, TEX., IS CHARGED WITH THE PREMEDITATED MURDER OF SP.4.C. ROBERT J. SMITH, OF SAUGUS, MASS. AFTER A THANKSGIVING PARTY LAST NOV. 26. SNOOK HAS PLEADED INNOCENT.

TESTIFYING FOR THE DEFENSE, PROF.KURT WAGNER OF MAINZ UNIVERSITY BASED HIS OPINION ON EARLIER TESTIMONY THAT SNOOK HAD DRUNK 18 OR 19 BOTTLES OF BEER AT THE PARTY PRECEDING THE SHOOTING.

"I BELIEVE THAT AT THE TIME OF THE SHOOTING, SNOOK WAS SO DRUNK THAT HE WAS MENTALLY DERANGED", WAGNER TOLD THE COURT MARTIAL. "BEING OF BARELY AVERAGE INTELLIGENCE, SNOOK COULD, IN MY OPINION, NOT HAVE PLANNED A MURDER AT THIS TIME," HE ADDED.

ARMY INVESTIGATORS TOLD THE COURT THEY ARRESTED SNOOK AFTER THEY FOUND A JEEP IN WHICH SMITH LAY DYING FROM A GUNSHOT WOUND.

THEY QUOTED SNOOK AS TELLING THEM THE SHOOTING HAD BEEN AN ACCIDENT AND THAT HE HAD BEEN DRUNK.

ONE INVESTIGATOR SAID SNOOK TOLD HIM HE HAD BEEN PICKED UP BY SMITH BUT THEN FELL OUT OF THE JEEP.

HE QUOTED THE DEFENDANT AS SAYING:

"SMITH SHOUTED AT ME TO GET BACK IN. AT THAT MOMENT, I SAW A GUN IN HIS HAND POINTED AT ME. I WAS SCARED HE WOULD SHOOT ME, SO I GRABBED THE GUN. THE NEXT THING I KNEW WAS THAT THE M.P. WAS SCREAMING AND I TOOK OFF FOR THE BARRACKS. I NEVER HEARD THE SHOT."

SF940PES

1960

S17 (320)

NEW YORK, APRIL 6 (AP)-A POLITICAL SCIENCE PROFESSOR SAID TODAY H... DR.EDWARD V.SITTLER WAS DISMISSED FROM THE LONG ISLAND UNIVERSITY FACULTY BECAUSE "DARK, MYSTERIOUS FORCES GOT TO THE PRESIDENT" OF THE INSTITUTION.

DR.KENNETH COLEGROVE, A PROFESSOR AT C.W.POST COLLEGE, A PART OF

THE UNIVERSITY, MADE THE CHARGE IN TESTIMONY AT A HEARING ON THE APPLICATION OF DR.SITTLER TO REGAIN HIS U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

SITTLER BROADCAST FOR THE NAZIS IN WORLD WAR II, AFTER RENOUNCING HIS U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

COLEGROVE TOLD THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE HEARING THAT THERE WERE RUMORS AROUND THE CAMPUS ABOUT SOME AGITATORS WHO WERE TRYING TO HURT DR.SITTLER" LAST DECEMBER, SHORTLY BEFORE HE WAS DISMISSED.

"I THINK THE ADMIRAL GAVE IN TO PRESSURE," COLEGROVE SAID, REFERRING TO ADM. RICHARD L.CONOLLY (USN-RET.), PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

COLEGROVE, A POLITICAL SCIENCE PROFESSOR FOR 33 YEARS AT NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY, EVANSTON, ILL., BEFORE HE TOOK HIS PRESENT JOB LAST WINTER SAID HE MET SITTLER AT NORTHWESTERN IN 1950.

HE SAID HE ATTENDED A FACULTY MEETING THERE THAT DEBATED WHETHER A DOCTORATE SHOULD BE GRANTED TO A FORMER NAZI, AND THAT THE FACULTY VOTED OVERWHELMINGLY IN FAVOR OF GRANTING THE DEGREE.

"I FELT THAT JUSTICE HAD PREVAILED AT NORTHWESTERN," COLEGROVE SAID.

AFTER THE RUMORS STARTED AT THE C.W. POST CAMPUS LAST DECEMBER, HE SAID, A FACULTY MEETING WAS HELD, AND IT VOTED IN FAVOR OF RETAINING DR. SITTLER, A PROFESSOR OF GERMAN.

HOWEVER, COLEGROVE SAID, "IT WAS QUITE OBVIOUS THAT THERE WERE CERTAIN PERSONS IN THE FACULTY INTENT ON DESTROYING THIS MAN'S CHARACTER," AND SHORTLY AFTER THE MEETING, SITTLER WAS ASKED TO RESIGN.

1960

COLEGROVE SAID HE THOUGHT SITTLER MADE A MISTAKE "AS A YOUNG MAN IN RENOUNCING HIS CITIZENSHIP," BUT ADDED THAT HE THOUGHT SITTLER HAS MATURED.

SITTLER'S WIFE ALSO HAS APPLIED FOR NATURALIZATION. SHE IS A STUDENT IN COMPARATIVE LITERATURE AND ENGLISH AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY'S GRADUATE SCHOOL. THEY HAVE EIGHT CHILDREN.

WILLIAM STRINGFELLOW, COUNSEL FOR SITTLER, ASKED THAT A SUBPOENA BE ISSUED FOR VICTOR WOERHEIDE, A DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SECURITY OFFICER WHO INTERVIEWED SITTLER SEVERAL TIMES AFTER THE WAR.

THE HEARING WAS ADJOURNED UNTIL APRIL 21.

RP/LS321PES

A110 (110)

PRECEDE FRANKFURT DAY

NEW YORK, APRIL 6 (AP)-GLAMOROUS MARLENE DIETRICH DEPARTED FOR HER NATIVE GERMANY TONIGHT, DESPITE THREATS GROWING OUT OF HER PRO-ALLIED ATTITUDE IN WORLD WAR II.

AS SHE LEFT IDLEWILD AIRPORT FOR PARIS AND EVENTUAL APPEARANCES IN UNICH, BERLIN AND HAMBURG, THE MOVIE STAR SAID:

"AS LONG AS THEY JUST REPROACH ME FOR WEARING AN AMERICAN UNIFORM, I CAN'T COMPLAIN."

MISS DIETRICH, A NATURALIZED AMERICAN CITIZEN, APPEARED IN AN AMERICAN UNIFORM DURING WORLD WAR II WHILE ENTERTAINING ALLIED TROOPS. SHE HASN'T ENTERTAINED IN GERMANY SINCE THE 1930S AND HASN'T VISITED THERE SINCE 1945.

IN ADVANCE OF HER CURRENT TRIP, THERE HAS BEEN CRITICISM OF HER IN HER NATIVE LAND AS ANTI-GERMAN. SHE IS SAID TO HAVE RECEIVED 20 TO 30 LETTERS CONTAINING THREATS BY GERMANS TO GREET HER WITH TOMATOES AND ROTTEN EGGS.

"IF MARLENE DIETRICH SHOULD DARE TO APPEAR IN GERMANY," WROTE A READER TO A WEST GERMAN NEWSPAPER RECENTLY, "IT WILL CERTAINLY HAVE AN EFFECT ON THE SALE OF ROTTEN TOMATOES."

THIS COMMENT WAS PROMPTED BY AN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE BERLIN-BORN GRANDMOTHER WITH THE MILLION-DOLLAR LEGS WILL APPEAR APRIL 30 ON A GERMAN STAGE FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE EARLY 1930S.

ALTHOUGH NUMEROUS LETTERS OF THIS KIND WERE RECEIVED BY EDITORS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY, MOST NEWSPAPERS APPEARED TO BE ON THE SIDE OF THE ACTRESS, WHOM HOLLYWOOD MADE A STAR. SHE NOW IS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

WHAT IS BEHIND THE CONTROVERSY?

"THE BEAUTIFUL WOMAN HAS REPEATEDLY UTTERED ANTI-GERMAN REMARKS IN AMERICA, WHICH CANNOT ALONE BE EXPLAINED BY HER REJECTION OF NAZISM," WROTE THE TABLOID BILDZEITUNG OF HAMBURG.

"INSTEAD OF DIFFERENTIATING BETWEEN NAZIS AND NON-NAZIS, SHE HAS AFTER THE WAR REPEATEDLY HELD ALL GERMANS RESPONSIBLE FOR HITLER'S ATROCITIES," THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

BUT THE TABLOID PRAISED HER WORK AGAINST HITLER.

"DURING THE WAR SHE TURNED DOWN HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS TO SERVE WITHOUT PAY IN UNIFORM TO ENTERTAIN TROOPS," IT SAID. "SHE OFTEN VENTURED TO THE FRONT LINES AND WAS ALMOST TAKEN PRISONER IN LUXEMBOURG IN DECEMBER, 1944."

MISS DIETRICH IS SAID TO HAVE RECEIVED NUMEROUS THREATENING LETTERS FROM GERMANY. KURT COLLIEN, A HAMBURG CONCERT AGENT WHO ENGAGED THE STAR FOR THE BERLIN APPEARANCE, SAID HE RECEIVED 20 OR 30 SUCH LETTERS. HE SAID THE STORM WAS TRUMPED UP AND BLOWN OUT OF PROPORTION.

NEVERTHELESS, IT IS ENOUGH OF A CONTROVERSY TO PROMPT THIS WARNING FROM THE INFLUENTIAL INDEPENDENT DAILY DIE WELT OF HAMBURG:

"MARLENE DIETRICH'S VISIT WILL BE MORE THAN JUST THE APPEARANCE OF AN ARTIST.

"SHOULD SHE REALLY BE RECEIVED WITH TOMATOES AND ROTTEN EGGS, THEN OUR REPUTATION IN AMERICA WILL DECLINE FURTHER, AND IT WILL PROVE ANEW THAT WE HAVE LEARNED NOTHING FROM OUR MISTAKES."

P1223PES

30.24-10427

ATHENS, GREECE, APRIL 6 (AP)-TWO POLICE OFFICERS TODAY TESTIFIED THAT ALEADING GREEK COMMUNIST BEING TRIED ON SPY CHARGES HAD A LEADING ROLE IN SLAYING GEORGE POLK, A COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM REPORTER. 5-64

THE OFFICERS TESTIFIED AGAINST GEORGE ERYTHRIADES, 49, A FORMER MEMBER OF THE POLITBURO OF THE NOW OUT LAWED GREEK COMMUNIST PARTY. HE AND 13 OTHERS WENT ON TRIAL YESTERDAY BEFORE A MILITARY COUR ON CHARGES OF SPYING AGAINST GREECE AND THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION FOR A FOREIGN POWER BETWEEN SEPT. 1954 AND AUG. 1955.

POLK'S BOYD WAS FOUND FLOATING IN SALONICA BAY IN MAY 1948

AT THE HEIGHT OF THE GREEK CIVIL WAR, TWO COMMUNISTS, EVANGHELOS VESVANAS AND STYLIANOS MOUZENIDES, WERE TRIED IN ABSENTIA FOR MURDER OF THE AMERICAN AND CONDEMNED. COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS LATER REPORTED VASVANAS AND MOUZENIDES DIED IN ACTION AGAINST THE GREEK ARMY.

ATHENS POLICE CHIEF THEODORE RAKINTZIS AND OFFICER LEONIDAS PARISIS--TESTIFYING ABOUT ERYTHRIADES' RECORD PRIOR TO THE PERIOD OF ESPIONAGE INDICTMENT--SAID HE WAS INVOLVED IN THE POLK MURDER.

PARISIS SAID VASVANAS AND MOUZENIDES WERE THE TRIGGER MEN INTHE POLK SLAYING BUT THAT ERYTHRIADES WORKED OUT THE MURDER PLAN.

ERYTHIADES WAS THE BRAINS OF THE CRIME, PARISIS SAID, "BECAUSE HE ENJOYED THE FULL CONFIDENCE OF THE TOP COMMUNIST LEADERS, WHO CONSIDERE HIM MOST RUTHLESS. . ."

1960

THE OFFICER SAID ERYTHRIADES BELONGED TO A RED COMMITTEE THAT LIQUIDATED GUERRILLA OFFICERS HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COMMUNIST DEFEAT IN THE GREEK CIVIL WAR.

TRUNING TO THE SPY CHARGES ON WHICH ERYTHRIADES IS BEING TRIED, PARISIS SAID THE DEFENDANT TRANSMITTED TO LEADERS OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM INTELLIGENCE "CONCERNING THE GREEK-AMERICAN ALLIANCE." THE WITNESS SAID THE INTELLIGENCE ALSO INCLUDED "SUBJECTS RELATING TO THE SECURITY OF THE STATE, THE MOVEMENT OF TROOPS AND DIPLOMATIC SECRETS."

THE TRIAL CONTINUES TOMORROW.

PE659PES

A82
NIGHT LEAD HAGERTY (260)

MOSCOW, APRIL 6 (AP)-JAMES C. HAGERTY, WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, AND OTHER OFFICIALS ARRIVED TODAY TO MAKE PLANS FOR PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S JUNE VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION.

HAGERTY IMMEDIATELY BEGAN A STUDY OF COMMUNICATIONS AND LIVING ACCOMMODATIONS FOR THE NEARLY 200 NEWSMEN WHO WILL ACCOMPANY THE PRESIDENT. TOMORROW HE WILL CONFER WITH OFFICIALS OF THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTRY ON PROBLEMS OF GETTING NEWS DISPATCHES OUT FROM MOSCOW, LENINGRAD, KIEV, IRKUTSK AND KHABAROVSK.

RESIDENT CORRESPONDENTS HAVE ASKED HAGERTY TO SEEK RELAXATION OF PROCEDURES AFFECTING THEM DURING THE PRESIDENTIAL VISIT TO ENSURE QUICK MOVEMENT OF NEWS STORIES. THE PROCEDURES WERE RELAXED WHEN BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN VISITED MOSCOW EARLY LAST YEAR.

HAGERTY AND THOMAS STEPHENS, PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS SECRETARY, ALSO WILL TAKE UP WITH SOVIET OFFICIALS WHERE THE PRESIDENT WILL STAY DURING HIS MOSCOW VISIT. VISITING HEADS OF STATE GENERALLY ARE PUT UP AT THE KREMLIN AND THERE WERE INDICATIONS THAT THE SAME COURSE WOULD BE FOLLOWED FOR EISENHOWER.

STEPHENS ALSO IS TO ARRANGE THE DAY BY DAY PROGRAM AND DECIDE ON A SIGHTSEEING SCHEDULE FOR THE PRESIDENT'S PARTY IN EACH CITY TO BE VISITED ON THE JUNE 10-19 TOUR.

THE TRIP WILL TAKE THE PRESIDENT THROUGH PARTS OF ASIAN RUSSIA WITH STOPS IN IRKUTSK AND KHABAROVSK AFTER THE VISITS TO CITIES IN THE EUROPEAN AREA.

HAGERTY AND HIS PARTY, WHICH INCLUDES FLOYD BORING, SECRET SERVICE OFFICIAL IN CHARGE OF SECURITY, WILL VISIT ONLY LENINGRAD AND KIEV ON THEIR SIX-DAY STAY IN THE SOVIET UNION. THEY WILL GO ON TO TOKYO TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE PRESIDENT'S HOMEWARD TRIP THERE.

AS827PES

A72 (360)
NIGHT LEAD CHINESE CHEF

1960

BY ALVIN J. STEINKOPF

LONDON, APRIL 6 (AP)-THE HEAD COOK OF RED CHINA'S LONDON LEGATION GOT HIS FILL OF COMMUNIST TEACHING AND PREACHING AND WALKED OUT WHILE HE WAS UNDER ORDERS TO RETURN TO CHINA. NOW HE IS A FREE MAN WITH THE BLESSINGS OF THE BRITISH--ESPECIALLY THE ORIENTED GOURMET TYPES.

TO THE CHEERFUL 40-YEAR-OLD KOU TEH-LOU'S REQUEST FOR BRITISH ASYLUM THE HOME OFFICE REPLIED IN EFFECT: WE NEED GOOD COOKS, STAY AS ONG AS YOU WISH AND FIND A NICE JOB.

THE BRITISH REGARD PEIPING'S LOSS AS BRITAIN'S CULINARY GAIN.

FOR MANY BRITISH, LIKE MANY PEOPLE OVER THE WORLD, ADMIRE MOO GOO GAI PAN, MELON SOUP, THOUSAND-YEAR-OLD EGGS, BIRD'S NEST SOUP AND THE MANY MORE SUBTLE MYSTERIES OF CHINESE COOKERY.

THE FIRST THING KOU DID PUBLICLY WAS HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY. IT WAS MANAGED BY COMMON CAUSE LTD., A PRIVATE ORGANIZATION STRONGLY OPPOSING COMMUNISM.

KOU'S DEPARTURE FROM THE LEGATION WAS FOR POLITICAL REASONS AND FOR HIS OWN SAFETY, HE SAID.

"MY TROUBLE STARTED," HE RELATED THROUGH AN INTERPRETER, "SOON AFTER MAO TZE-TUNG (RED CHINA'S CHIEF OF STATE) MADE THE SPEECH ABOUT FREE CRITICISM IN WHICH HE SAID, "LET A HUNDRED FLOWERS BLOOM, LET DIVERSE SCHOOLS OF THOUGHT CONTEND.'

"I TALKED TOO MUCH AT THE MISSION. I GUESS THE MISTAKE WAS IN SAYING COMMUNISM IS NO GOOD. AT ANY RATE MY COLLEAGUES BEGAN GIVING ME FUNNY LOOKS."

ON FEB.19, HE CONTINUED, HE RECEIVED AN ORDER TO RETURN TO CHINA ON MARCH 10. THREE OTHER PERSONS OF THE MISSION HAD BEEN SENT HOME, AND WORD FILTERED BACK THAT THEY ENDED UP IN A REFORM CAMP.

"I DIDN'T LIKE THE LOOKS OF IT, AND ON FEB.26 I WALKED OUT AT AN HOUR WHEN I SHOULD HAVE BEEN AT AN INDOCTRINATION COURSE," HE SAID. "I PRETENDED I HAD A HEADACHE. I HAVE SOME FRIENDS, ALTHOUGH I WASN'T SUPPOSED TO HAVE ANY, AND I HID WITH THEM. THEY TALKED TO THE HOME OFFICE, AND AFTER A LONG INTERVIEW I WAS GIVEN PERMISSION TO STAY. I AM GLAD. THE ONLY WORRY IS THAT MY WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN, IN CHINA, MAY SUFFER, BUT THEY ARE SUFFERING ANYWAY."

KOU CAME TO LONDON AS A LEGATION COOK IN 1954.

"THERE WERE INDOCTRINATION COURSES TWICE A DAY FIVE DAYS A WEEK," HE SAID. "WE WEREN'T TOLD ABOUT THE WORLD IN GENERAL, BUT ONLY HOW GRAND THINGS WERE IN CHINA. BUT I KNEW BETTER BECAUSE I HAD A RECENT LOOK AT CHINA."

HE HAD FOUR MONTHS HOME LEAVE IN 1957.

THE RED CHINA MISSION REFUSED TO SAY ANYTHING ABOUT KOU, OR EVEN ADMIT HE IS MISSING.

THIRSTY AFTER HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, KOU WALKED INTO A PUB AND HAD A BEER WITHOUT WORRYING ABOUT WHO WAS STANDING BESIDE HIM.

"THIS IS FREEDOM," HE SAID.

JA742PES

A79
(250)

TOKYO, APRIL 6 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA'S RULERS CALLED ON THEIR PEOPLE TODAY TO FULFILL TWO TO THREE YEARS AHEAD OF SCHEDULE A 12-YEAR FARM CROP PROGRAM ORIGINALLY SET FOR COMPLETION IN 1967.

VICE PREMIER TAN CHEN-LIN, IN A REPORT TO THE NATIONAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS--RED CHINA'S PARLIAMENT--CLAIMED DEVELOPMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S COMMUNES HAD ALREADY HELPED MAINLAND CHINA MAKE HUGE GAINS IN FARM CROPS, ESPECIALLY IN GRAINS AND RAW COTTON.

HE CALLED FOR MORE INTENSIFIED DEVELOPMENT OF THE COMMUNES AND MECHANIZATION OF AGRICULTURE TO HELP THE COUNTRY ATTAIN ITS 1967 GOALS IN 1964 OR 1965 AND DEVELOPMENT OF A DIVERSIFIED ECONOMY.

TAN'S REPORT WAS CARRIED BY THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY.

IN THE COURSE OF HIS ADDRESS, TAN TOLD THE CONGRESS RED CHINA TODAY HAS "MORE THAN 24,000 PEOPLE'S COMMUNES, EACH AVERAGING 4,260 HECTARES (ABOUT 10,000 ACRES) OF FARMLAND, 5,000 PEASANT HOUSEHOLDS AND A LABOR FORCE OF 10,000."

HE CLAIMED "THE SWITCHOVER TO THE PEOPLE'S COMMUNES IN THE RURAL AREAS HAS IN THE PAST TWO YEARS ENABLED GRAIN OUTPUT TO SHOOT UP BY 46 PER CENT AND COTTON OUTPUT BY 47 PER CENT."

HE URGED "STEP-BY-STEP TRANSFORMATION FROM IMPROVING FARM TOOLS TO SEMI-MECHANIZATION AND MECHANIZATION."

HE CLAIMED 24 PER CENT OF THE THREE MAIN GRAIN-GROWING AREAS OF RED CHINA HAD IN 1959 SURPASSED THEIR 1967 GOALS. HE SAID TOTAL NATIONAL GRAIN OUTPUT LAST YEAR WAS 270,050,000 (M) TONS, THREE-QUARTERS OF THE FINAL GOAL OF 360-375 MILLION TONS.

TAN SAID THIS WOULD GIVE A MINIMUM OF 500 KILOGRAMS (1102 POUNDS) OF GRAIN A YEAR PER HEAD OF POPULATION. BUT HE CALLED FOR EFFORTS TO REACH THE STILL HIGHER AIM OF 750 KILOGRAMS PER HEAD.

ZR735AES

A134
(370)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS
BY ROY ESSOYAN

(ADVANCE) HONG KONG, APRIL 6 (AP)-THE CHINESE REDS ARE DRIVING BUDDHIST MONKS AND NUNS OUT OF THEIR MONASTERIES AND INTO FACTORIES AND FIELDS.

THE COMMUNISTS ARE MAKING THEM STUDY MARXISM, ACCEPT LEADERSHIP OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND ABANDON MOST OF THEIR RELIGIOUS CUSTOMS.

THE RED AIM IS TWO-FOLD--TO SHAKE THE PILLARS OF BUDDHISM IN CHINA AND AUGMENT THE COUNTRY'S OVERWORKED LABOR FORCE.

THE COMMUNISTS CLAIM THEIR EFFORTS HAVE BEEN SO SUCCESSFUL THAT SOME MONKS AND NUNS HAVE EVEN WON THE COMMUNIST TITLE OF "ADVANCED WORKERS" AND "MODEL LABORERS."

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THIS FIELD ARE REPORTED IN COPIES OF COMMUNIST PUBLICATIONS REACHING HONG KONG.

THERE IS NO WAY TO DETERMINE HOW MANY MONKS AND NUNS HAVE BEEN TURNED INTO MODEL COMMUNISTS, BUT 11 YEARS OF RED BRAIN WASHING, PERSECUTION AND PERIODIC PURGES HAVE SAPPED BUDDHIST INFLUENCE IN CHINA.

THE COMMUNISTS LAUNCHED A CAMPAIGN AGAINST BUDDHISM SOON AFTER THEIR CONQUEST OF THE CHINA MAINLAND IN 1949. THEY TORE DOWN MONASTERIES, CONFISCATED LAND, EXECUTED UNCOOPERATIVE ABBOTS AND FORCED THOUSANDS OF MONKS AND NUNS TO ABANDON THEIR MEEK AND MEDITATIVE WAYS.

THOSE WHO RESISTED WERE SUBJECTED TO "SOCIALIST EDUCATION" AND "REFORM THROUGH LABOR."

IN 1952 THE COMMUNISTS REPLACED PERSECUTION WITH INDOCTRINATION AND FOR THE NEXT FIVE YEARS THEY CONCENTRATED ON A PROGRAM OF PERSUASION.

BUDDHISM TEACHES MONKS TO DEPEND FOR THEIR LIVELIHOOD ENTIRELY ON THE CHARITY OF OTHERS.

THE COMMUNISTS TAUGHT THEM THAT "ENJOYMENT WITHOUT LABOR, OR TAKING ADVANTAGE OF THE FRUITS OF OTHER PEOPLE'S LABOR" WERE FORBIDDEN.

BUDDHISM CONDEMNS THE TAKING OF LIFE. BUT SHIROB JALTSO, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMUNIST-SPONSORED CHINA BUDDHIST ASSN., RULED AT THE HEIGHT OF THE ANTI-PEST CAMPAIGN IN CHINA THAT "THE KILLING OF RATS AND LOCUSTS IS COMPATIBLE WITH OUR RELIGION."

HE ADDED THAT BUDDHISTS MAY ALSO KILL "ANY OTHER HARMFUL ELEMENT SUCH AS IMPERIALISTS AND COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARIES."

INTENSIVE INDOCTRINATION OF BUDDHIST LEADERS THROUGHOUT CHINA PRECEDED THE SIGNING OF AN AGREEMENT IN 1958. UNDER THIS PACT, THE BUDDHISTS AGREED TO "REMOULD THEIR POLITICAL THINKING, TAKE PART IN LABOR ON THE PRODUCTION FRONT AND FOLLOW THE COMMUNIST PARTY WHOLEHEARTEDLY."

SINCE THEN SHIROB JALTSO HAS REPORTED THAT MOST BUDDHISTS IN CHINA HAVE GIVEN UP THEIR "PARASITIC WAY OF LIFE" AND HAVE LEARNED TO UNDERSTAND THAT "LABOR IS THE CREATOR OF THE WORLD."

END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS MOVED APRIL 5.

KS1105AES

30.24-10429

BY JOHN RODERICK 437

TOKYO, APRIL 6 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA'S TOP REPRESENTATIVE IN TIBET TODAY REPORTED THAT 470,000 PEASANTS IN 35 OF TIBET'S 78 COUNTIES NOW OWN THE LAND THEY FARM AS A RESULT OF THE RED REDISTRIBUTION PROGRAM.

GEN. CHANG CHING-WU WROTE IN THE PEIPING PEOPLE'S DAILY THAT ONLY A YEAR AGO, BEFORE THE TIBETAN UPRISING AGAINST RED RULE, ALL TIBET'S FARMLAND WAS OWNED BY ONLY 2 PER CENT OF THE POPULATION OF 1 1/2 MILLION, AND 90 PER CENT OF THE PEOPLE WERE SERFS.

REPORTING ON COMMUNISM'S PROGRESS IN TIBET SINCE THE UPRISING, CHANG SAID AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IS "RIDING A HIGH TIDE," BUT "TIBET STILL REMAINS IN AN EXTREMELY BACKWARD STATE POLITICALLY, ECONOMICALLY AND CULTURALLY."

HE BLAMED THIS ON "THE PROTRACTED DOMINATION OF THE SYSTEM OF FEUDALISTIC SERFDOM, . . AND THE IMPERIALIST AGGRESSION OF THE PAST HUNDRED YEARS."

CHANG SAID IN 57 FARMING COUNTIES WHERE 790,000 PEASANTS LIVE, THE RED REGIME HAS CARRIED OUT SUCH REFORMS AS ABOLITION OF EXORBITANT INTEREST ON LOANS, REDUCTION OF RENTS AND RETENTION OF HARVESTS BY THOSE WHO PRODUCE THEM.

"AT PRESENT," CHANG REPORTED, "THE REVOLUTION IN TIBET IS DEVELOPING FAVORABLY. IN A RAPID AND HEALTHY MANNER THE CAMPAIGN IS GAINING DEPTH IN ITS GROWTH AND HAS SCORED SUCCESSES....

"IN THE BROAD EXPANSE OF RURAL DISTRICTS ALL THE SHACKLES FORMERLY IMPOSED BY SERF MASTERS HAVE BEEN SMASHED, THE AUTHORITY OF THE SERF OWNERS UTTERLY OVERTHROWN AND THE DOMINANT POSITION OF THE WORKING PEOPLE ESTABLISHED. EVERYWHERE IN THE BROAD COUNTRYSIDE ARE DISCERNIBLE SIGNS OF GROWTH AND PROSPERITY."

MK1006AES

868 (Q) 150

GENEVA, APRIL 6 (AP)-KOREA CALLED ON THE 87-NATION SEA LAW CONFERENCE TODAY TO GRANT COASTAL STATES PREFERENTIAL FISHING RIGHTS IN THEIR OFFSHORE WATERS BEYOND TERRITORIAL LIMITS.

AMBASSADOR WON YIL-SOHN MADE NO REFERENCE TO THE "RHEE LINE" FISHERBY BORDER OR THE DISPUTE IT HAS CAUSED BETWEEN KOREA AND JAPAN.

SOUTH KOREAN PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE HAS DECLARED HIS COUNTRY'S WATERS EXTEND AS FAR AS 100 MILES OUT TO SEA IN SOME PLACES. JAPANESE FISHERMEN VIOLATING THIS LINE HAVE BEEN SEIZED.

WON ADDED THAT UNLIKE COUNTRIES WITH LARGE AND ADVANCED FISHING FLEETS, COASTAL STATES LIKE SOUTH KOREA DEPEND ON FISHERIES FOR THEIR LIVELIHOOD AND THEIR ACTIVITIES ARE CHIEFLY LIMITED TO COASTAL FISHING WITH SMALL BOATS.

THE CONFERENCE IS EXPECTED TO BEGIN VOTING THIS WEEK ON VARIOUS PROPOSALS FOR NEW SEA LIMITS. BY COMMON AGREEMENT, THE OLD 3-MILE LIMIT IS DEAD.

BUT SUCH LARGE SEAFARING NATIONS AS THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN OPPOSE PLANS TO PUSH TERRITORIAL LIMITS OUT AS FAR AS 12 MILES. THEY GENERALLY FAVOR SOMETHING LIKE 6 MILES FOR TERRITORIAL RIGHTS AND ANOTHER 6 MILES FOR FISHING RIGHTS.

HW1007AES

UNITED NATIONS, APRIL 6 (AP)-GREECE HAS BECOME THE 24TH NATION TO RATIFY OR ACCEDE TO A TREATY GUARANTEEING REFUGEES THE RIGHT TO ASYLUM, WORK, EDUCATION, PUBLIC RELIEF AND FREEDOM OF RELIGION. #130

A155

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., APRIL 6 (AP)-THE U.N. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL TODAY ASKED SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TO PREPARE A "FACTUAL REVIEW" OF HOW CAPITAL PUNISHMENT AND ITS ABOLITION AFFECT THE CRIME RATE.

HE WAS REQUESTED TO SUBMIT HIS REPORT TWO YEARS FROM NOW.

THE STUDY WAS PROPOSED IN A RESOLUTION THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY PASSED LAST NOVEMBER 20. THE COUNCIL ACTED THROUGH A RESOLUTION SPONSORED BY CHILE AND ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY.

P1216PES

END — APR 6, 1960